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		(Original Signature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	

To amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to authorize the use of funds for comprehensive reproductive health care services, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms.	Schakowsky	introduced	the fo	ollowing	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Comn	nittee on								

## A BILL

To amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to authorize the use of funds for comprehensive reproductive health care services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Abortion is Health
- 5 Care Everywhere Act of 2021".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:

1	(1) Abortion is a critical component of sexual
2	and reproductive health care and should be acces-
3	sible and affordable for all people.
4	(2) All people have the right to make their own
5	choices about their sexual and reproductive health,
6	and to access quality and affordable sexual and re-
7	productive health care. International agreements
8	have recognized reproductive rights for over 25
9	years, and the 2015 Sustainable Development Goals
10	reiterated the centrality of reproductive rights to
11	gender equality.
12	(3) Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that
13	when people, including young women and adolescent
14	girls, gender non-conforming individuals, and
15	transgender men, are able to control their reproduc-
16	tive lives, there are enormous social and economic
17	benefits—not just for the individual and their fam-
18	ily, but for entire communities. Countries that
19	prioritize reproductive health, rights, and justice and
20	human rights are more likely to have better overall
21	health throughout.
22	(4) Health system cost is reduced when abor-
23	tion is widely available and integrated with other
24	types of health care.

1	(5) Without access to safe abortion care, people
2	risk their lives to end their pregnancies. At least
3	24,100 people in low- and middle-income countries
4	die every year from complications from unsafe abor-
5	tion.
6	(6) Ninety-seven percent of unsafe abortions
7	occur in developing countries in Africa, Asia, and
8	Latin America. In low- and middle-income countries,
9	the annual cost of post-abortion care for all who
10	need it would be \$4 billion. The majority of this cost
11	is attributed to treating complications from abor-
12	tions provided in unsafe conditions.
13	(7) Restricting abortion does not reduce either
14	the need for or number of abortions. Abortion rates
15	are similar in countries where it is highly restricted
16	by law and where it is broadly legal.
17	(8) When abortions are performed in accord-
18	ance with World Health Organization (WHO) guide-
19	lines and standards, there is minimal risk of severe
20	complications or death.
21	(9) As part of their commitment to prevent un-
22	safe abortions and preventable deaths and ensure all
23	people have access to comprehensive sexual and re-
24	productive health care and can exercise their right to
25	full control over their sexuality and reproduction, de-

1	veloping countries and donor governments must
2	work collaboratively to deploy funding, align policies,
3	and mobilize expertise to make safe abortion services
4	available to those seeking to terminate pregnancies.
5	(10) United States law restricting United
6	States foreign assistance funding from being used to
7	provide safe abortion services has the effect of harm-
8	ing people who seek to terminate their pregnancies
9	in several ways, including by blocking access to serv-
10	ices and erecting barriers to providers obtaining the
11	training and equipment needed to deliver care to
12	those in need.
13	(11) Since section 104(f)(1) of the Foreign As-
14	sistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151b(f)(1)) (com-
15	monly referred to as the "Helms amendment") was
16	enacted in 1973, dozens of governments across the
17	globe have liberalized abortion laws and policies.
18	(12) In countries where the United States sup-
19	ports family planning and reproductive health care
20	and in which abortion is legal on at least some
21	grounds, support for safe abortion could avert over
22	19 million unsafe abortions and 17,000 maternal
23	deaths each year.

1	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
2	The following shall be the policy of the United States
3	Government:
4	(1) Safe abortion is a critical component of
5	comprehensive maternal and reproductive health
6	care and should be included as part of foreign assist-
7	ance programs funded by the United States Govern-
8	ment.
9	(2) Safe abortion is to be made widely available
10	and integrated with other types of health care.
11	(3) The United States Government should work
12	to end unsafe abortion and promote safe abortion
13	services by providing funding and collaborating with
14	affected governments and service providers to pro-
15	vide training, commodities and equipment, and ac-
16	cess to safe abortion services.
17	SEC. 4. USE OF FUNDS FOR COMPREHENSIVE REPRODUC-
18	TIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES.
19	Section 104 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
20	(22 U.S.C. 2151b) is amended—
21	(1) in subsection (f)—
22	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
23	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and
24	(3) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively;
25	(2) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
26	section (h); and

1	(3) by inserting after subsection (f), as amend-
2	ed, the following:
3	"(g) Use of Funds for Comprehensive Repro-
4	DUCTIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES.—Notwithstanding
5	any other provision of law, funds made available to carry
6	out this part may be used to provide comprehensive repro-
7	ductive health care services, including abortion services,
8	training, and equipment.".